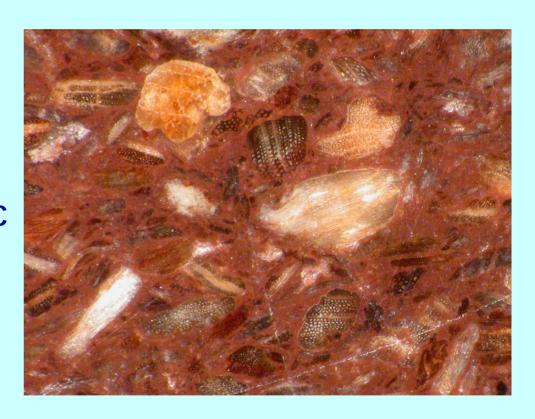
## Water Absorption by Wood-Plastic Composites in Exterior Exposure

8<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Woodfiber-Plastic Composites May 23-25, 2005

Marek Gnatowski, Ph.D.
Polymer Engineering Company, Ltd.
Burnaby, B.C. Canada

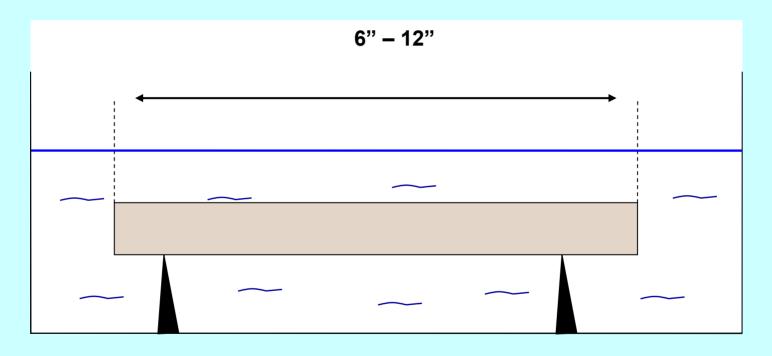
Perception: wood particles in WPC are encapsulated in plastic



Optical microscopy of WPC cross-section.

Visible wood particles encapsulated in resin.

#### **Industry Standard ASTM D-1037**



Commercial products appear to have water absorption of <2%

#### WPC are designed to be continuously exposed to an exterior environment

#### Warping



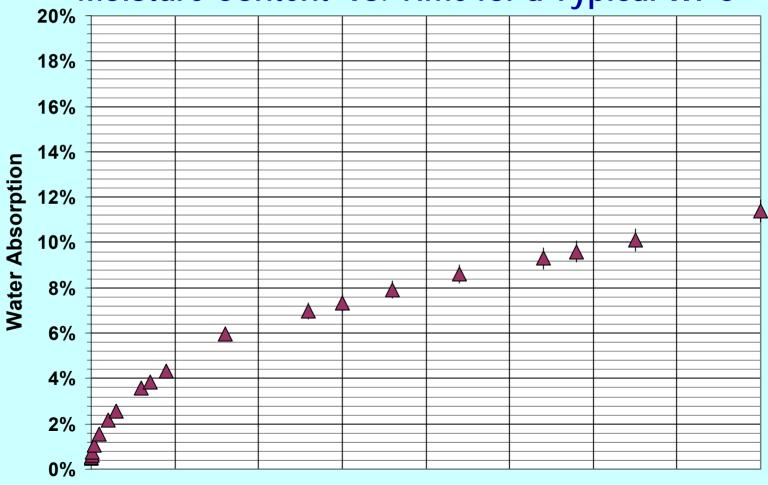
Decay fungi growth



**Dimensional changes** 

- 1. Morris, P.I. And P.A. Cooper, 1997. Recycled plastic/wood composite lumber attacked by fungi. For. Prod. J. 48 (1): 86-88
- 2. Manning, M., WPC Conference, Baltimore, MD, October 2004.

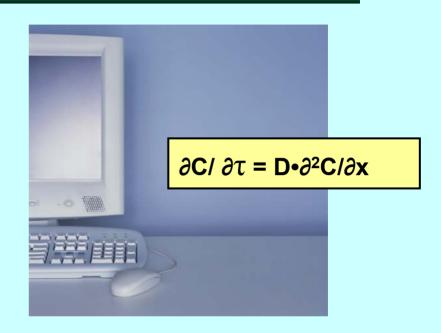




Time (Weeks)

# To identify water absorption and distribution in WPC materials exposed to exterior conditions

#### Two Ways to Address the Objective



2. Exterior exposure ----



#### **Experimental Wood Plastic Composite Formulation**

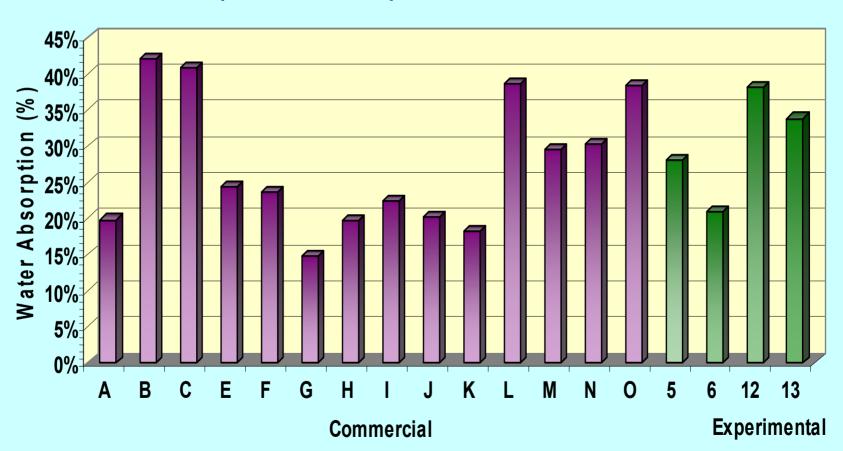
Ingradianta	Formulation					
Ingredients	#5	#6	#12	#13		
Pine wood (20 mesh)	51	48	66	63		
HDPE	45	45	30	30		
Lubricants	3	3	3	3		
Talc	1	1	1	1		
Zinc Borate	0	3	0	3		
Boards Cross-section (in)	6 x 1/2	6 x 1/2	6 x 1	6 x 1		

#### **Extrusion**

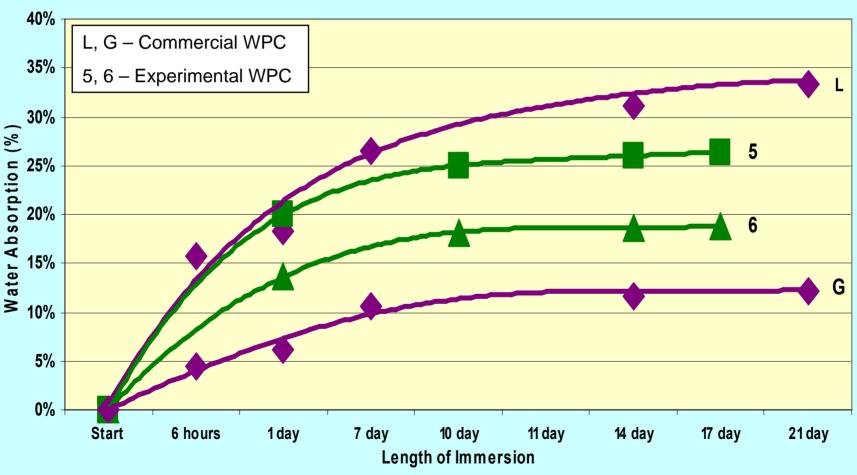


**Extrusion at Washington State University**Materials and Engineering Laboratory

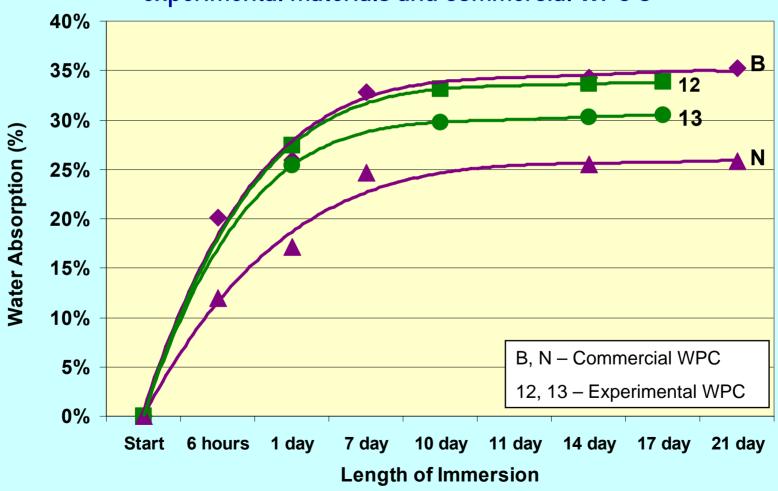
### Comparison of water absorption at equilibrium for experimental samples and commercial WPC's



### Comparison of kinetics of water absorption for experimental materials and commercial WPC's

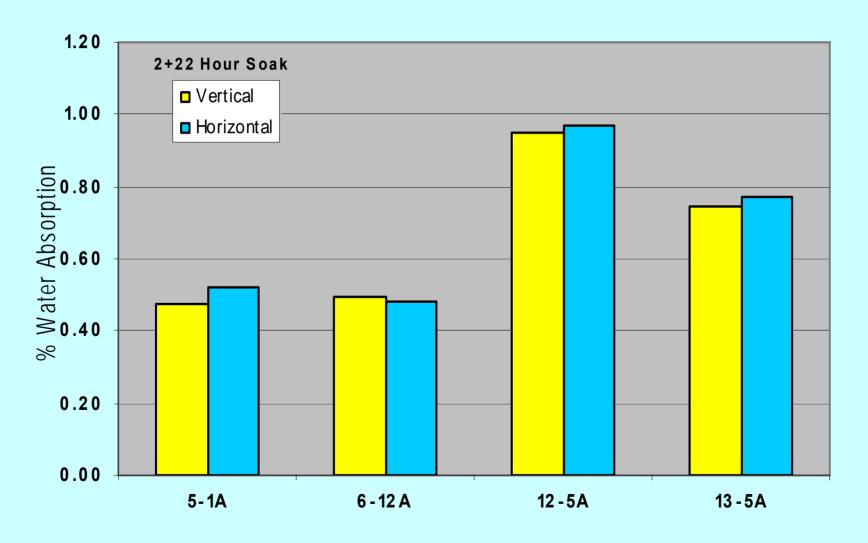


Comparison of kinetics of water absorption for experimental materials and commercial WPC's



#### Water Absorption Evaluation

#### **Water Absorption Tested According to ASTM D-1037**



#### Exterior Exposure













#### Exterior Exposure

#### Weather data for exposure period in Vancouver, BC\*

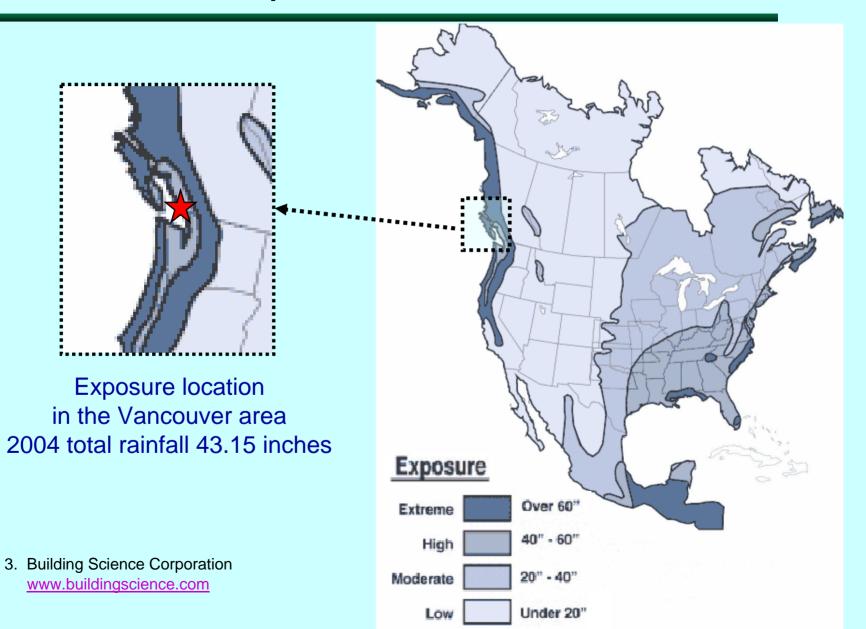
	2003			2004			2005		
Month	Mean Temp °C	Total Rain	Total Snow	Mean Temp °C	Total Rain	Total Snow	Mean Temp °C	Total Rain	Total Snow
Jan	-	-	1	4.1	151.6	0	3.7	229	17.6
Feb	ı	ı	ı	5.9	83.4	0	-	ı	ı
Mar	ı	1	ı	8.1	101.2	0	-	-	1
Apr	1	1	1	11.1	15.0	0	-	-	ı
May	12.6	49.3	0	14.1	60.8	0	-	-	-
June	16.8	12.8	0	17.3	22.8	0	-	-	ı
July	19.1	19.8	0	19.7	16.6	0	-	-	ı
Aug	18.6	4.1	0	19.3	75.0	0	-	-	1
Sept	15.8	40.2	0	14**	64.4**	0	-	-	-
Oct	11.6	248.2	0	10.8	117.2	0	-	-	-
Nov	4.6	167.4	0	6.8	199.6	0	-	-	-
Dec	4.4	97.2	5	5.3	188.2	0	-	-	-
		2004 total rainfall		1096 mm		*Environment Canada			

43.15 in

\*Environment Canada

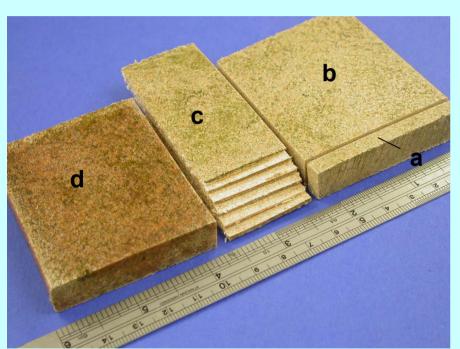
\*\*Multiyear average

#### Annual Rainfall Map of North America®

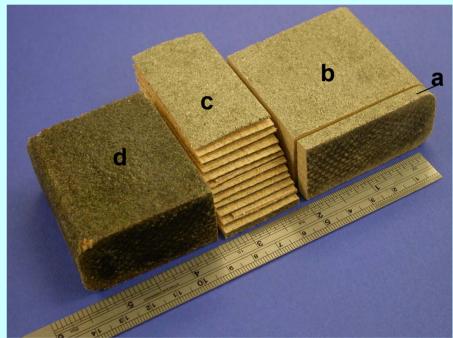


#### Water Absorption/Moisture Content Evaluation

### Specimen preparation #5 and #6

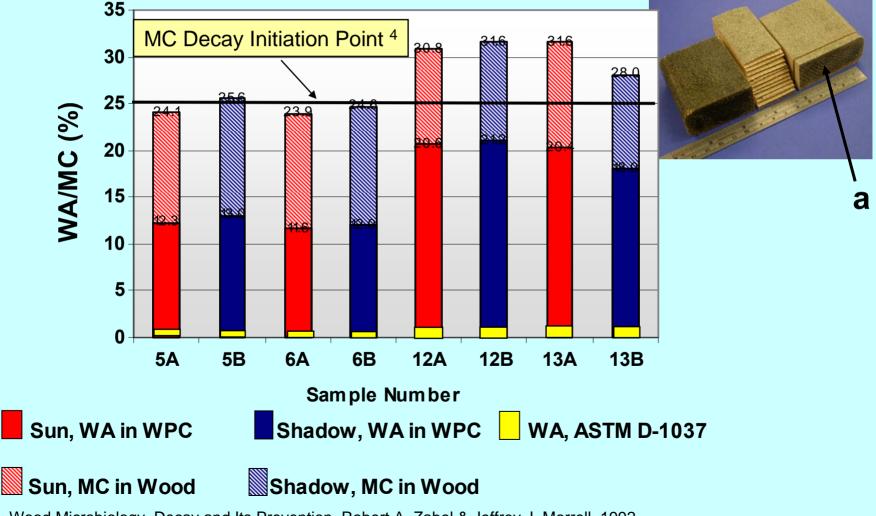


### Specimen preparation #12 and #13



#### Water Absorption/Moisture Content Evaluation

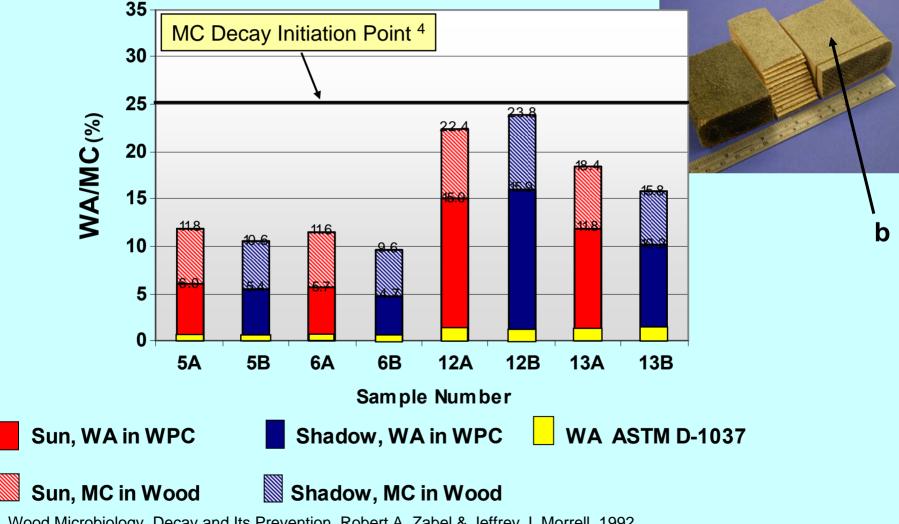
#### Water absorption in WPC and moisture content in wood of sections a



<sup>4.</sup> Wood Microbiology, Decay and Its Prevention, Robert A. Zabel & Jeffrey J. Morrell, 1992

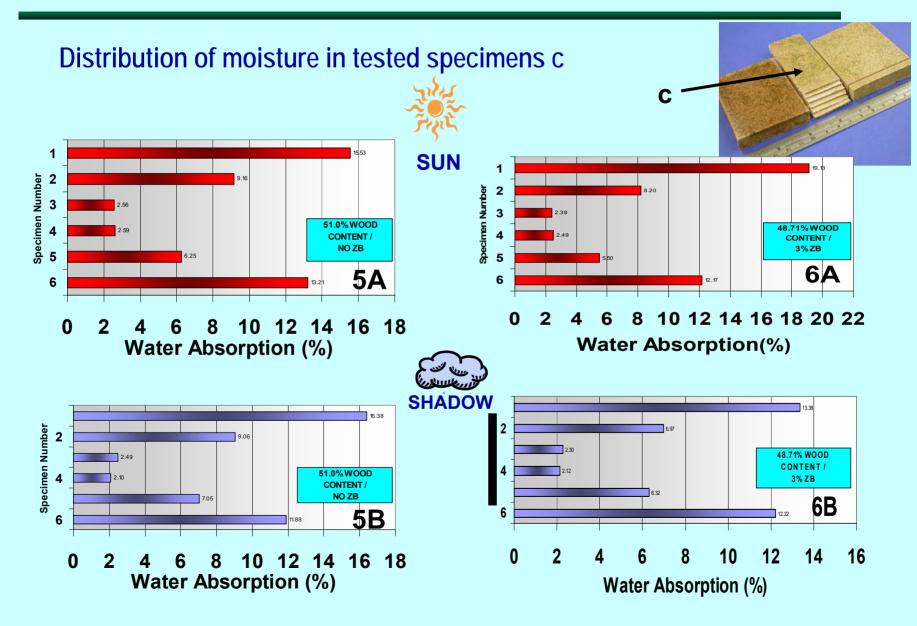
#### Water Absorption/Moisture Content Evaluation

Water absorption in WPC and moisture content in wood of sections b

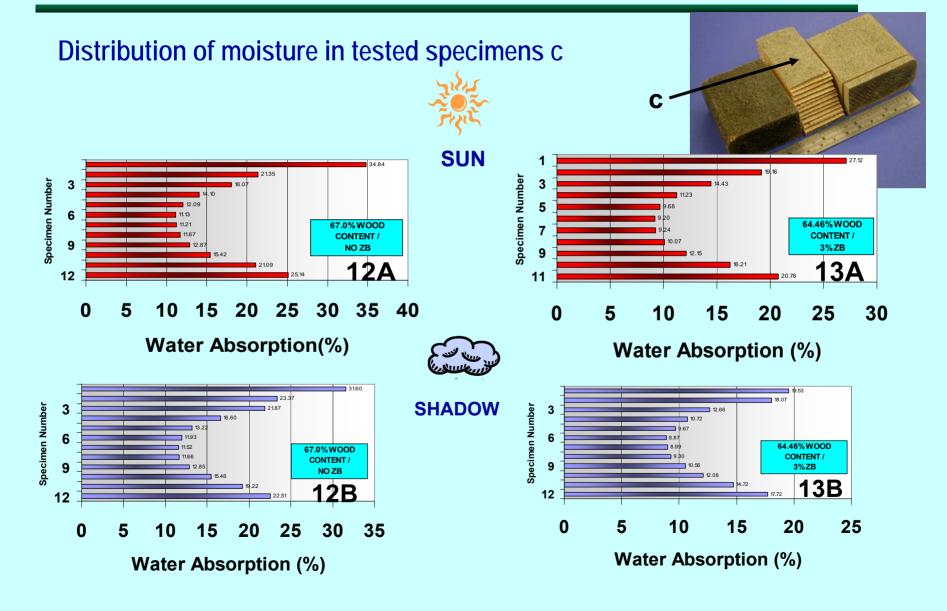


<sup>4.</sup> Wood Microbiology, Decay and Its Prevention, Robert A. Zabel & Jeffrey J. Morrell, 1992

#### Water Absorption in WPC



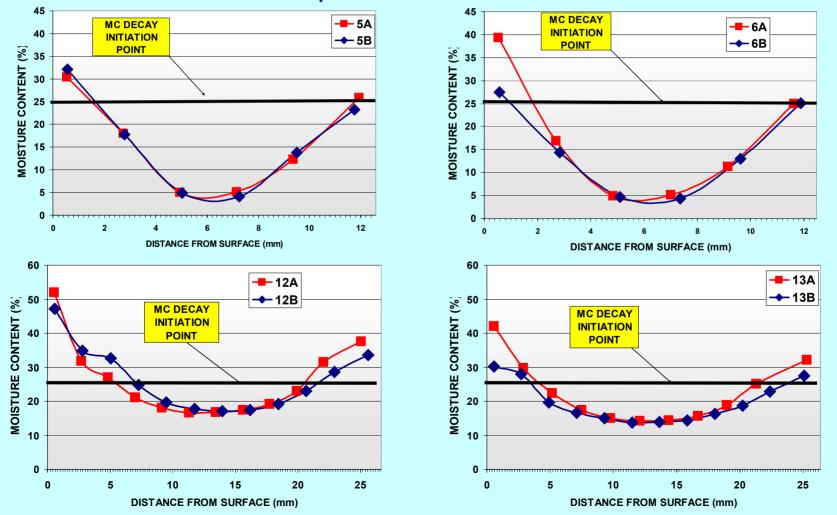
#### Water Absorption in WPC



#### Moisture Content in Wood

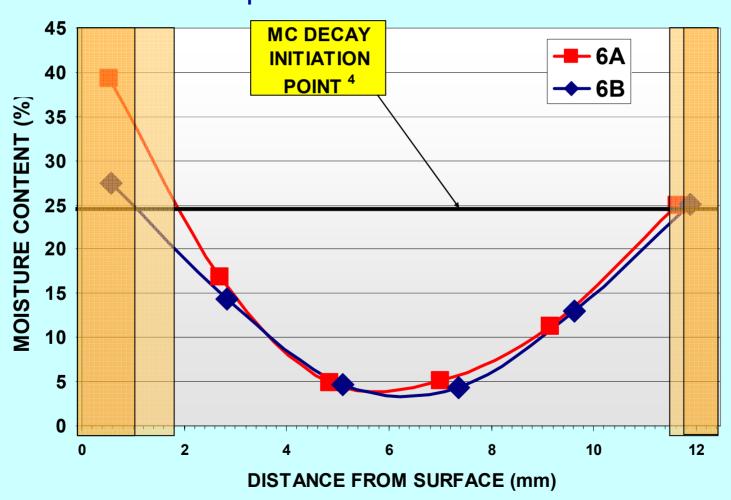
#### Distribution of moisture content in wood of WPC

#### exposed in sun and shadow



#### Moisture Content in Wood

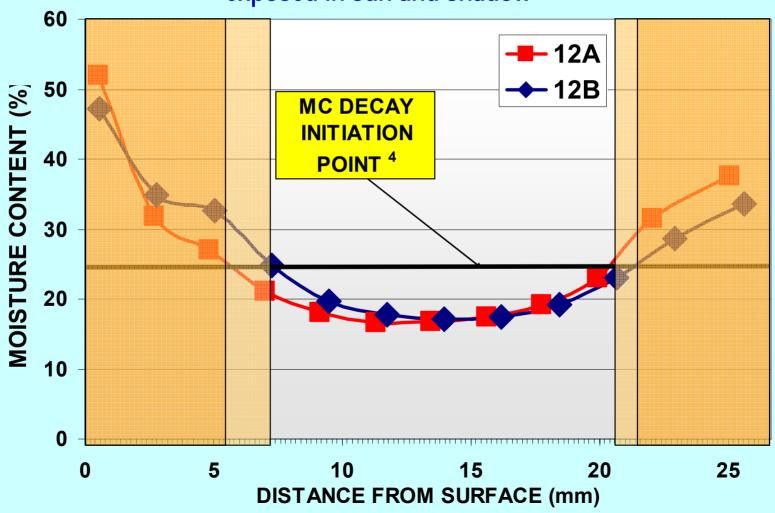
### Distribution of moisture content in wood of WPC #6 exposed in sun and shadow



4. Wood Microbiology, Decay and Its Prevention, Robert A. Zabel & Jeffrey J. Morrell, 1992

#### Moisture Content in Wood

### Distribution of moisture content in wood of WPC #12 exposed in sun and shadow



<sup>4.</sup> Wood Microbiology, Decay and Its Prevention, Robert A. Zabel & Jeffrey J. Morrell, 1992

#### Comments and Conclusions

- 1. There seems to be no obvious correlation between water absorption of WPC as measured according to ASTM D-1037 and moisture content in the same materials exposed to exterior conditions. Samples tested according to ASTM D-1037 showed approximately 1% water absorption, while the same material exposed to exterior conditions may absorb 15% water in the bulk of composite.
- 2. Wood plastic composite will absorb a significant amount of moisture when exposed to an exterior environment. Water is distributed unevenly across the board. The core may have very low moisture content while the surface layer may be significantly saturated with water

#### Comments and Conclusions

- 3. Moisture content in the wood of WPC exposed to exterior conditions may significantly exceed 25% in some areas. 25% is widely accepted as minimum to initiate the decay process. The areas of high moisture content frequently exceeding 25% are the board ends and the region up to 1-7 mm below the board surface.
- 4. Material sensitivity to water entry depends on the material formulation and likely the processing conditions. Higher wood concentration may promote water absorption and increase the thickness of the layer with high moisture content.
- 5. The presence of zinc borate in the formulation seems to reduce water absorption by WPC.

#### Acknowledgements

Polymer Engineering Company Ltd. Staff

David Lesewick Beverley Start

Presentation will be available on the PEC website

www.polymerengineering.ca